A Practical View of Long-term Effects and Recovery Outcomes for Individuals with Methamphetamine Abuse and Dependence.

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Introductions

Who am I?
Who are You?



Training Objectives

- Examine the diagnostic criteria for Substance Use Disorder, and how these manifest in the methamphetamine user
- Explore how typical process addictions (i.e. sex, gambling, and hording) are common with these individuals
- Discuss other common substances that are often used with methamphetamine to enhance or regulate the experience
- Review some of the components of effective treatment for these individuals



What do you know about Meth?

- Meth is a neurotoxin and can damage dopamine and serotonin neurons
- It often contains other toxins
- Raises blood pressure, heart rate, breathing, and body temperature and leads to severe dental issues.
- Decreases appetite and the desire for sleep
- Meth is different from and more dangerous than other stimulants because a larger percentage of the drug remains unchanged in the body. This allows the drug to be present in the brain longer, extending the stimulant effects.

So WHY would anyone want to use it?

Perceived Benefits

- Increased attention/focus
- Decreased fatigue
- Decrease appetite
- Feelings of power and control
- Sense of well-being and euphoria
- Increased sexual desire



Nothing is a problem you can't handle!

How Do These Individuals Present?

- Employment issues
- Financial issues
- Housing problems
- Legal issues
- Relationship problems
- Physical health issues
- Sleep deprived
- Mood disorders and other mental health issues that may or may not be a subset of the addiction.

Substance Use Disorder (DSM V)

- ► Taking the substance in larger amounts or for longer than you're meant to.
- Wanting to cut down or stop using the substance but not managing to.
- Spending a lot of time getting, using, or recovering from use of the substance.
- Craving and urges to use the substance.
- Not managing to do what you should at work, home, or school because of substance use.
- Continuing to use, even when it causes problems in relationships.
- Giving up important social, occupational, or recreational activities because of substance use
- Using substances again and again, even when it puts you in danger.
- Continuing to use, even when you know you have a physical or psychological problem that could have been caused or made worse by the substance.
- Needing more of the substance to the effects that you want (tolerance).
- Development of withdrawal symptoms, which can be relieved by taking more of the substance

Compulsive Behavior or Process Addiction

- Common Process Addictions:
 - Sex
 - Shopping
 - ▶ Gambling
 - Eating
 - **Internet**

<u>BUT</u>... is the problem behavior freestanding or does it occur as a component of the Methamphetamine use?

It's Never Just The Meth! How to Keep it Balanced - "Kinda"

- What are they dealing with?
 - Depression
 - Anxiety
 - Pain
 - Sleep
 - Lack of focus (ADD ??)
 - Sexual issues or how to enhance the experience
 - The time between binges (if that even exists)

We Treat People!!!



Robert - Background Information

- 50 year old, single, gay, male
- Living in New York City in an apartment with a roommate who was also in recovery.
- College graduate, employed in a professional job
- History of two long term relationships (5 and 10 years of living together)
- History of Depression with SI and a plan, but no attempts
- Family history of alcoholism/addiction
- Supportive middle class family & friends
- Blackout drinker in high school
- Stopped drinking in 1992 but then drug use escalated
- ▶ Longest period off meth was 8 years prior to "relapse" in 2008.

Robert - Continued

Entered treatment at Willingway in January 2009

- Relapsed on Marijuana in Sept 2008
- Progressed to IV Meth in 7 days
- Other substances used GHB, Marijuana, Alcohol, Cocaine, Crack.
- Had been receiving treatment for depression/anxiety, ADD, & difficulty sleeping
- Prescribed Adderall, Effexor, Wellbutrin, & Ambien
- Had been living a "double life"

Robert - Course of Treatment

- Inpatient Treatment for 6 Weeks
 - Individual/group Counseling
 - Family involvement.
 - Family program with older brother and sister-in-law.
 - ► Taken off all prescribed meds to establish a baseline
 - Terminated from employment due to performance while in treatment
 - Lost housing while in treatment
- Extended Treatment including outpatient for 16 months